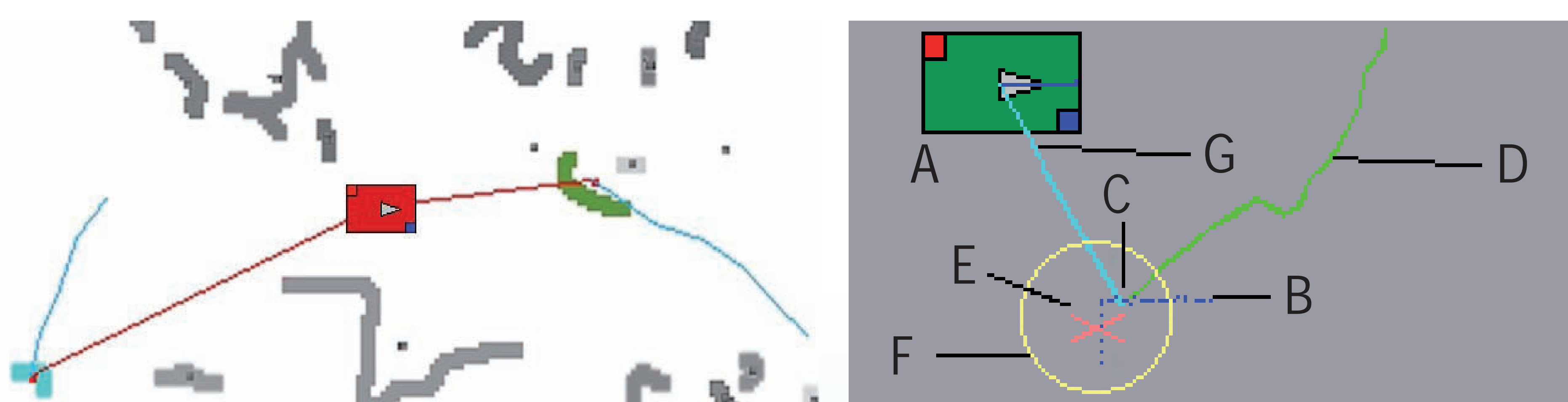


Proactive Mobile Obstacle Avoidance System used by the Service Robot InBOT

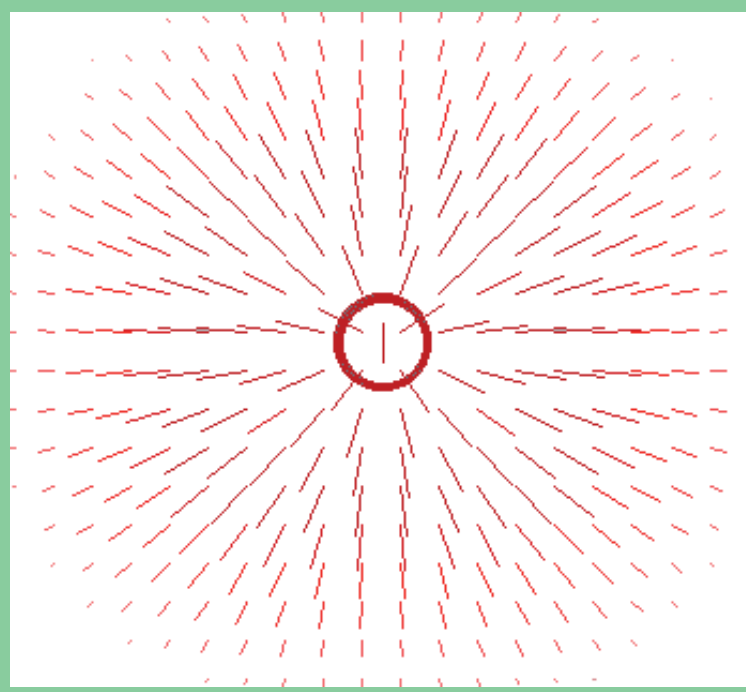
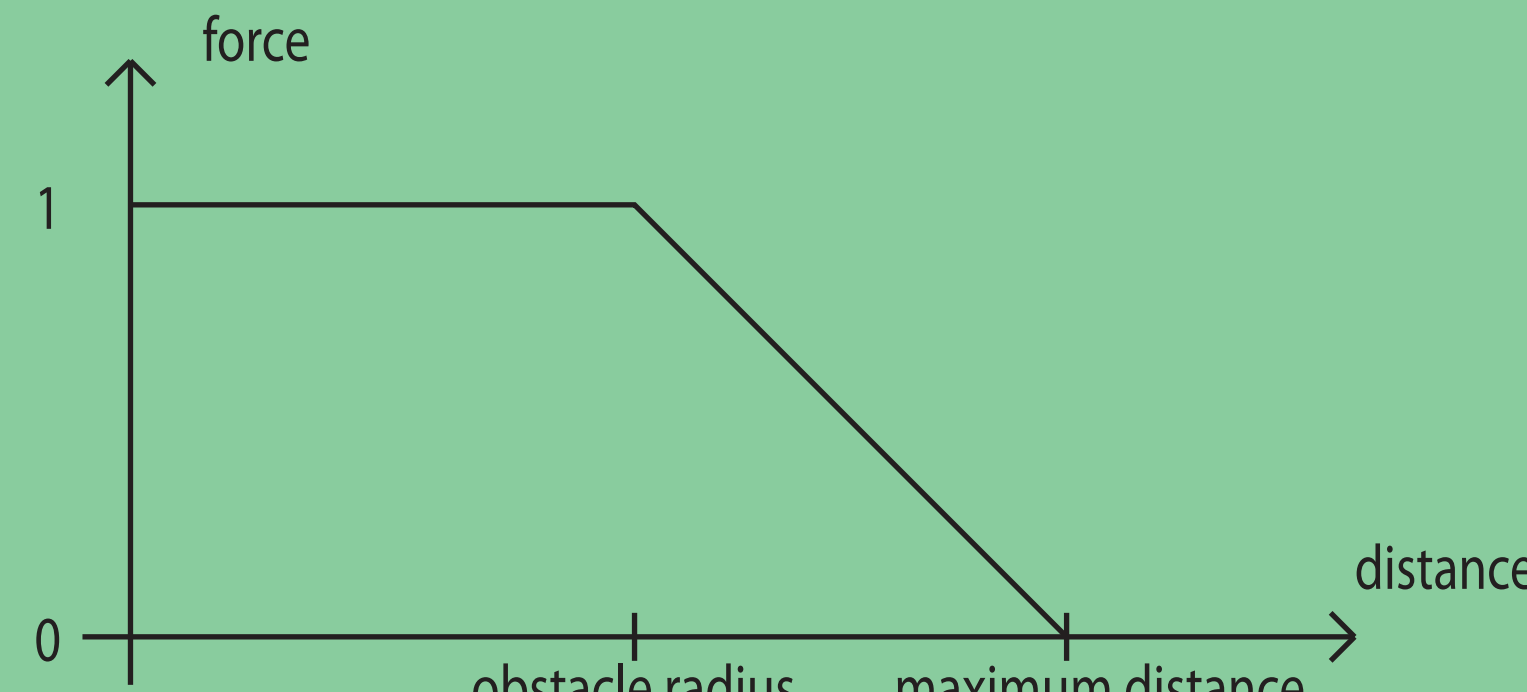
Florian Steinhardt, Michael Göller, Thilo Kerscher and Rüdiger Dillmann
 FZI - Research Center for Information Technology, Karlsruhe, Germany



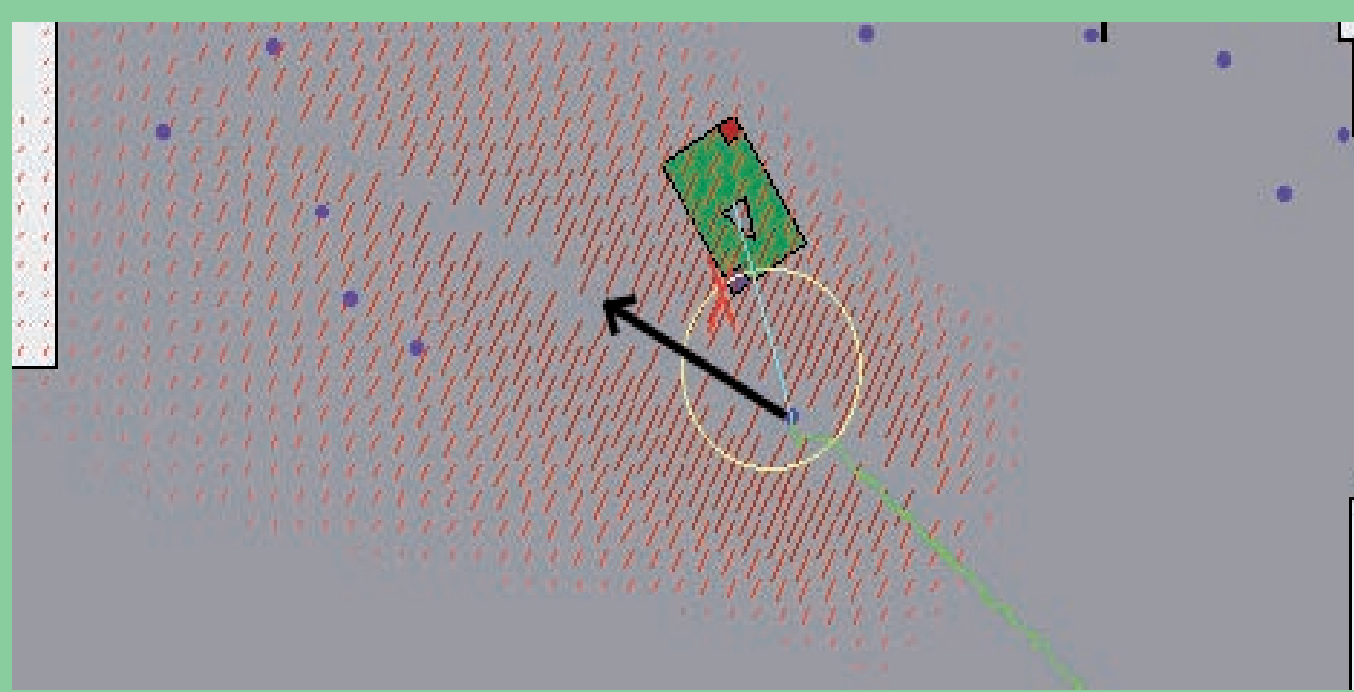
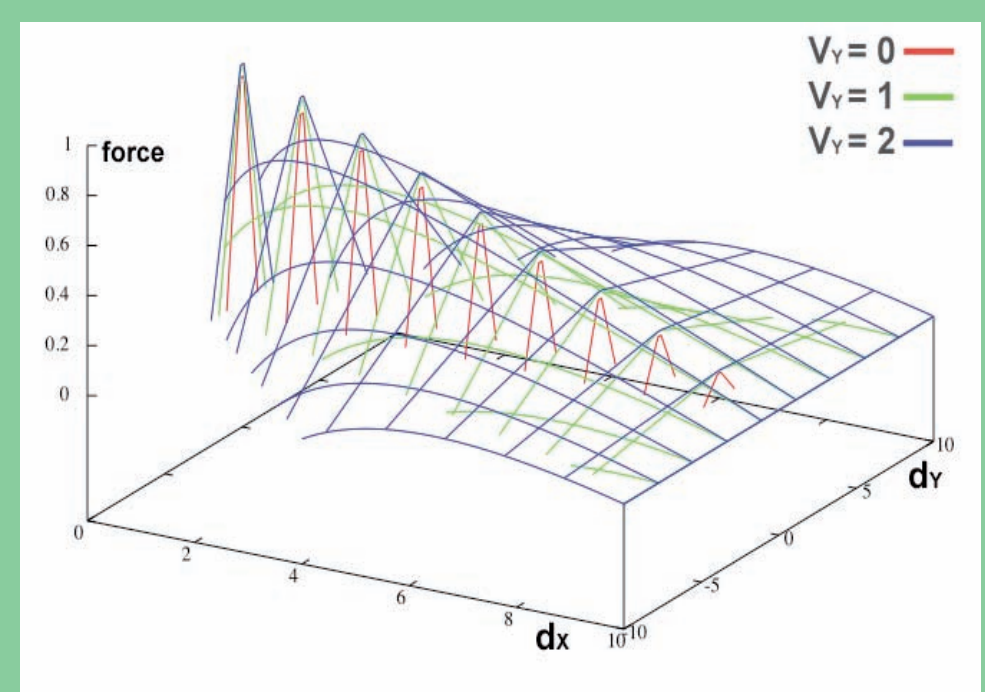
- Detection of dynamic Obstacles in an Occupancy Grid based on Laserscanner Range Data

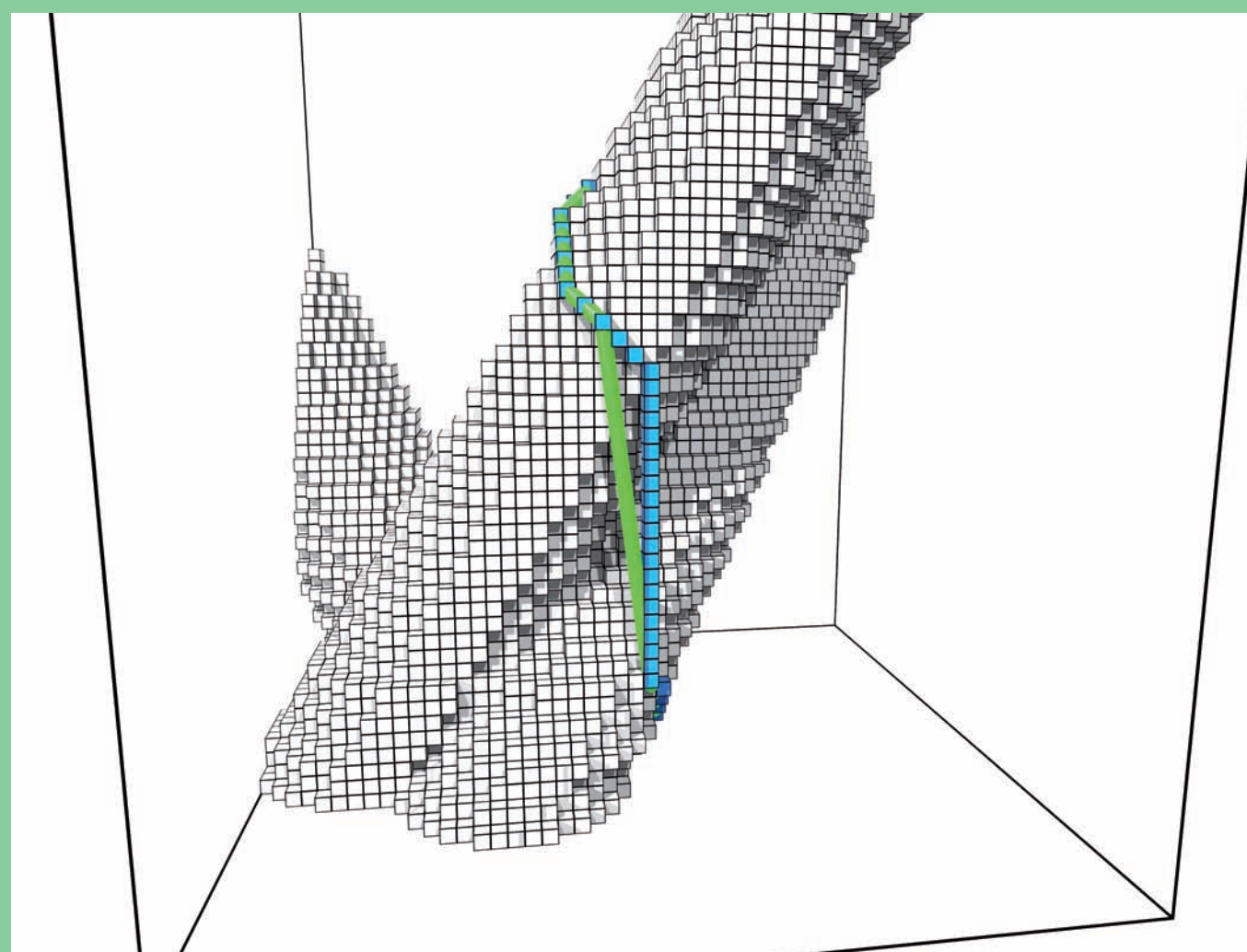
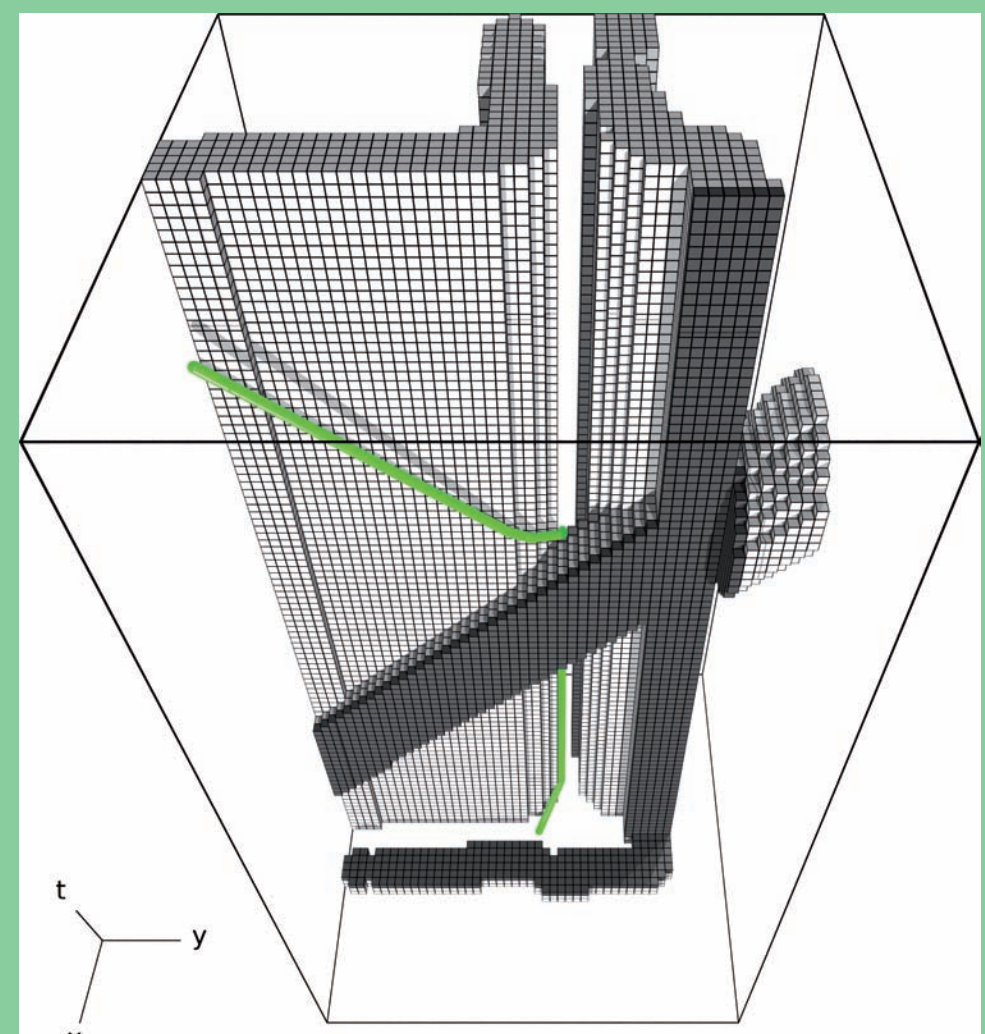
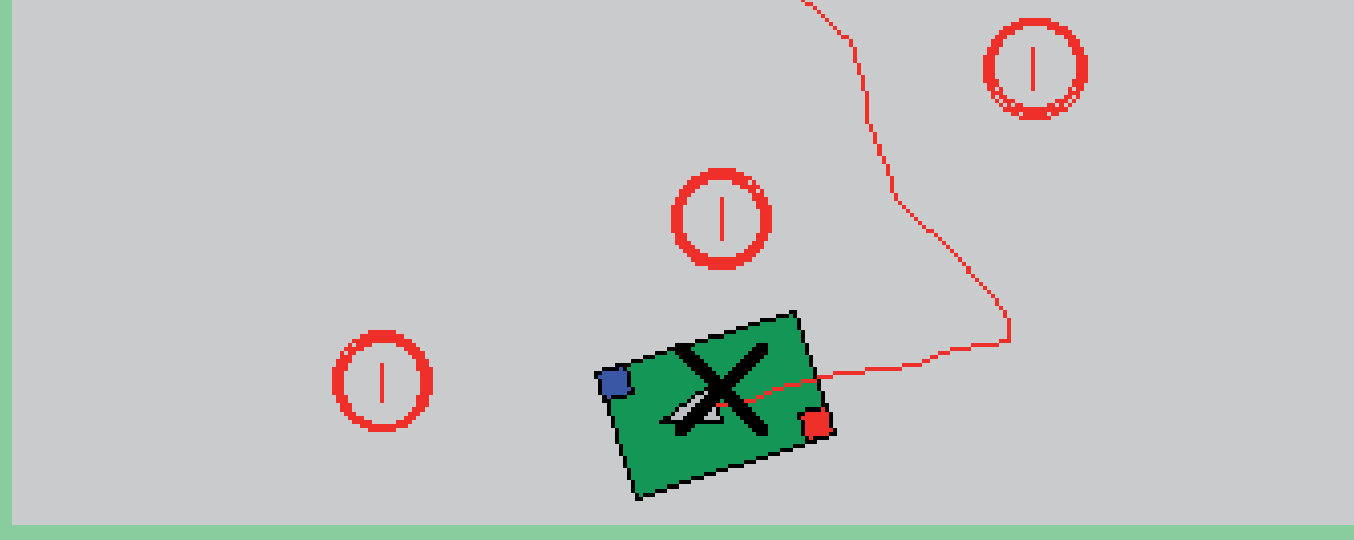
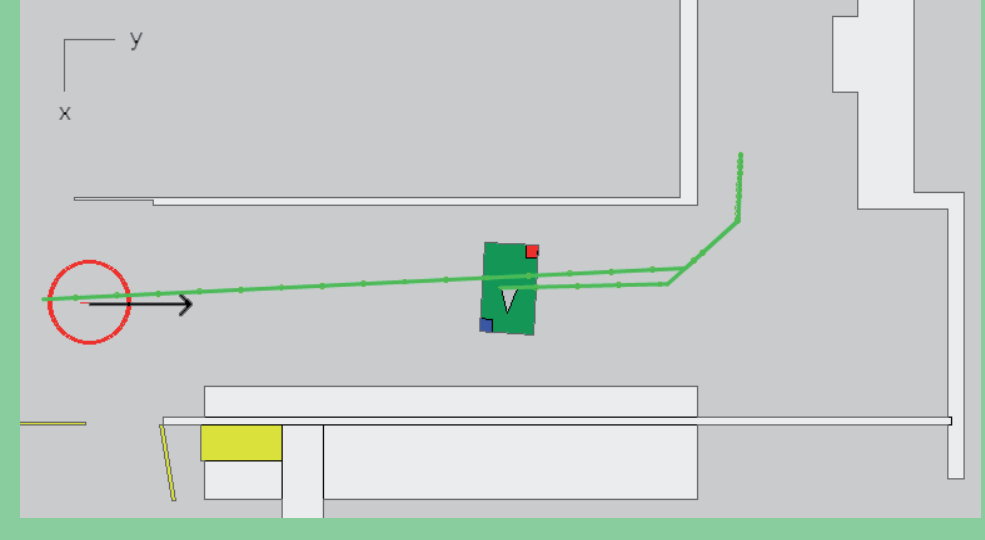


- Layered Proactive Mobile Obstacle Avoidance System

- Escape Reflex**
 - Force field around obstacles repels robot


fast reactive

- Evade Reflex**
 - Force field around predicted path moves robot out of the way


- Proactive Planner**
 - Planning in 3D (x-y-time) predicted occupancy space
 - Avoiding bad predicted robot positions
 - Planning is slow, robot is kept safe by the faster layers




Reaction Time

Action Generation

slow deliberative

- Increasing Distance by adding the Avoidance Layers to the Robot Control

